

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 11/29/2005

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/691,212	10/21/2003	Andrew W. Dornbusch	025.0009	8353
34456 759	90 11/29/2005		EXAMINER	
TOLER & LARSON & ABEL L.L.P.			CHU, CHRIS C	
5000 PLAZA ON THE LAKE STE 265 AUSTIN, TX 78746			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AOSTIN, TX	70740		2815	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

~		N 5	m			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Advisory Action	10/691,212	DORNBUSCH ET AL.				
Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Chris C. Chu	2815				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address				
THE REPLY FILED 14 October 2005 FAILS TO PLACE THIS	APPLICATION IN CONDITION FO	R ALLOWANCE.				
 The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or o this application, applicant must timely file one of the folloplaces the application in condition for allowance; (2) a No (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in comp following time periods: a) The period for reply expires 3 months from the mailing date of 	owing replies: (1) an amendment, a otice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in liance with 37 CFR 1.114. The repl	ffidavit, or other evidence, which compliance with 37 CFR 41.31	h ; or			
b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no						
event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later the	an SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of	f the final rejection.				
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b). MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f		RST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN T	wo			
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on seen filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension a CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened stabove, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three month parned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	and the corresponding amount of the fee. atutory period for reply originally set in the safter the mailing date of the final rejection	The appropriate extension fee under final Office action; or (2) as set forth on, even if timely filed, may reduce any	37 in (b) y			
2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in com of filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any e Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be AMENDMENTS	extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appe				
B. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, (a) They raise new issues that would require further co (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE belo (c) They are not deemed to place the application in be	onsideration and/or search (see NO ow);	TE below);	s for			
appeal; and/or						
(d) They present additional claims without canceling a		ejected claims.				
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a))		emplient Amendment (BTOL 33	241			
 The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s 		omphant Amendment (F 10L-32	2 4).			
5. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be a		timely filed amendment cance	lina			
the non-allowable claim(s).						
7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) how the new or amended claims would be rejected is proof the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	☑ will not be entered, or b) ☐ worlded below or appended.	vill be entered and an explanatio	n of			
Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to:						
Claim(s) rejected: <u>1 - 29</u> .						
Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:						
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE 3. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action. b	out before or on the date of filing a l	Notice of Appeal will not be ente	ered			

3. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will <u>not</u> be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome <u>all</u> rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11. The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

See Continuation Sheet.

12.
Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s).

13.
Other: ____

SDE Kenneth Parke

TC2800



Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: The arguments presented in pages 7 and 8 of the Response to Fianl Office Action have been carefully reviewed but fail to be persuasive because applicant's arguments are not evidence unless it is an admission. See MPEP § 716.01(c) for examples of attorney statements which are not evidence and which must be supported by an appropriate affidavit or declaration.

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references because Williams and Poulin are so different and they are unrelated to the purposes described in the present application, the examiner recognizes that the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981). Furthermore, although the references may be directed to different problems, the ordinary artisan would recognize that Poulin and Williams disclose all of the claimed limitations and provide a surface wave filter with a high degree of symmetry and which exhibits improved attenuation at pre-selected frequencies (column 1, lines 57 - 61 of Williams).

Next, applicant argues that since Williams SAW filter 16 has onely one input terminal 14, the combination of Poulin and Williams would have only one output pin which does not include all the elements in the rejected claim 1. Since applicant merely argues against the combined structure of Poulin and Williams without providing or presenting any evidence why the combined structure of Poulin and Williams would have only one output pin, the argument is not persuasive. Furthermore, applicant admitted in his next paragraph that Williams SAW filter 16 has two outputs 20 and 22. Thus, the combined structure of Poulin and Williams would have more than one output pin (see first paragraph of page 10 of the Response).

Next, applicant argues that since Williams' two outputs 20 and 22 of the SAW filter 16 are not connected back to the input, hence the combined structure of Poulin and Williams would not disclose all the elements as recited in the rejected claim 1. This argument is not persuasive because claim 1 does not specifically claim that the first or second pair of bonding pads are directly or physically attached or connected to the input or output of the first external filter. A reasonable interpretation of the term "coupled" includes the structure taught by Poulin and Williams.

Finaly, applicant argues that neither Williams nor Poulin discloses or suggests where the input and output terminals are presented in the combined structure of Poulin and Williams. This argument is not persuasive because claim 1 does not specifically claim the specific locations of the first or/and second terminal pairs in the integrated circuits. Thus, a reasonable interpretation of the limitation "wherein said first and second terminal pairs are separated by a first predetermined distance sufficient to maintain an input-to-output isolation therebetween of at least a first predetermined amount" includes the structure taught by Poulin and Williams.

For the above reasons, the rejection is maintained.